## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

54 1. A method for real-time measurement of the

- 2 performance of communications on a large area network between
- a selected berver and a plurality of users, based upon actual
- 4 user experience, including:

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- 5 (a) accessing a server log having records of actual user 6 access to the selected server;
  - (b) aggregating records from the server log into a plurality of aggregate slots, each having at least one time bin, based on an aggregation method;
  - (c) performing at least one statistical analysis of each time bin of each aggregate slot; and
  - (d) outputting the results of such statistical analysis as an indication of actual server usage by users.
  - 2. The method of claim 1, further including filtering out selected records from the server log before the step of aggregating.
- 3. The method of claim 1, further including generating an event notification if a selected statistical analysis value is abnormal.
- 1 4. The method of claim 1, further including selecting 2 the aggregation method from a set of aggregation methods.

The method of claim 1, wherein the aggregation 1 method includes aggregation by log-file record column data 2 value for each record from the server log. 3 The method of claim 1, further including: 1 2 (e) determining geographical or source information for each record; and 3 (f) selecting the aggregation method to aggregate records 4 based on such geographical or source information. 5 6 7. The method of claim 6, wherein determining 7 geographical or source information for each record includes: (g) defining a database comprising large area network address blocks having geographical or source information; 11 (h) comparing an \address field in each record to the address 12 blocks in the database; and 13 13 (i) associating with each record the geographical or source 價 14 15 information from an address block matching the address field of the record. 16 17 The method of  $\backslash$ claim 7, wherein comparing an address 8. 18 field in each record  $t \phi$  the address blocks in the database

includes:

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- (j) defining an array of binary trees for the address blocks in the database, each address block within a binary tree within an array element being masked by a corresponding unique subnet mask value;
- (k) masking each address field in each record by a unique subnet value corresponding to a selected array element;
- (1) comparing each masked address field to an address field of the address blocks within the binary tree of the selected array element;
- (m) outputting selected fields of any matching address
  block; and
- (n) otherwise, continuing the step of comparing with a next selected array element until a match is found or all array elements have been compared.
  - 9. The method of claim 1, further including:
- (o) determining exit routing paths from each selected server based on the records from the server log;
- (p) determining a dest performing exit route based on the statistical analysis of records from the server log;
- (q) biasing incoming and outgoing communications with respect to each server to use the determined best performing exit route.

A method for comparing an address field of a large 11 area natwork record to a database comprising large area network address blocks having geographical or source 12 information, including: 13 (r) defining an array of binary trees for the address blocks 14 in the database, each address block within a binary tree 15 within an atray element being masked by a corresponding 16 unique subnet mask value; 17 (s) masking the address field of a large area network record 18 by a unique submet value corresponding to a selected 19 array element; **-** 21 (t) comparing each masked address field to an address field of the address block within the binary tree of the selected array element: (u) indicating a match; and <sup>1,1</sup> 26 ₽ 27

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(v) otherwise, continuing the step of comparing with a next selected array element until a match is found or all array elements have been compared.

A system for real-time measurement of the performance of communications on a large area network between\a selected server and a plurality of users, based upon act val user experience, including:

(w) a server log having records of actual user access to the selected server;

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- (x) means for accessing and aggregating records from the server log into a plurality of aggregate slots, each having at least one time bin, based on an aggregation 9 method; 10
  - (y) means for performing at least one statistical analysis of each time bin of each aggregate slot; and
  - (z) means for outputting the results of such statistical analysis as an indication of actual server usage by users.
  - 12. The system of claim 11, further including means for filtering out selected records from the server log before the step of aggregating.
  - 13. The system of claim 11, further including means for generating an\event notification if a selected statistical analysis value\is abnormal.
  - The system of claim 11, further including means for selecting the aggregation method from a set of aggregation methods.
- The system of claim 11, wherein the aggregation 15. 1 method includes aggregation by log-file record column data 2 3 value for each record from the server log.
  - The system of claim 11, further including: 16.

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	5ub (87)
2	(aa) means for determining geographical or source
3	information for each record; and
4	(bb) means for selecting the aggregation method to
5	aggregate records based on such geographical or source
6	information.
1	17. The system of claim 16, wherein the means for
2	determining geographical or source information for each record
3	includes:
4	(cc) a database comprising large area network address
5	blocks having geographical or source information;
6	(dd) a compar son function for comparing an address field
7	in each record to the address blocks in the database;
8	and
9	(ee) an associating function for associating with each
10	record the geographical or source information from an

- address block matching the address field of the record.
  - The system of claim 17, wherein the comparison 18. function includes:
- an array of binary trees for the address blocks in the database, each address block within a binary tree within an array element being masked by a corresponding unique subnet mask value;

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	7	(gg) means for masking each address field in each record
	8	by a unique subnet value corresponding to a selected
	9	array element;
	10	(hh) means for comparing each masked address field to an
	11	address field of the address blocks within the binary
	12	tree of the selected array element;
	13	(ii) mean for outputting selected fields of any matching
	14	address bock; and
	15	(jj) means for otherwise continuing the step of comparing
	16	with a next selected array element until a match is
ini ini	17	found or all array elements have been compared.
The state of the s		
	1	19. The system of claim 11, further including:
THE AND BUILT	2	(kk) means for determining exit routing paths from each
131	3	selected server based on the records from the server
ii lah 14 i	4	log;
The term that	5	(11) means for determining a best performing exit route
	6	based on the statistical analysis of records from the
Ü	7	server log;
	8	(mm) means for biasing incoming and outgoing
	9	communications with respect to each server to use the
	10	determined best performing exit route.
		Sub ()
	1	A system for comparing an address field of a large
	2	area $h$ etwork record to a database comprising large area

network address blocks having geographical or source information, including: 5 an\array of binary trees for the address blocks in 6 the database, each address block within a binary tree within an array element being masked by a corresponding unique subnet mask value; 8 means for masking the address field of a large area (00) 9 network record by a unique subnet value corresponding to 10 a selected arrav element; 11 means for comparing each masked address field to an 12 address field of the address blocks within the binary 🖺 13 tree of the selected array element; means for indicating a match; and (qq) means for otherwise continuing the step of comparing (rr) with a next selected atray element until a match is £ 17 **18** found or all array elements have been compared. Ñ A computer program, stored on a computer-readable 2 3

 $medium\lambda$  for real-time measurement of the performance of communidations on a large area network between a selected server and a plurality of users, based upon actual user experience, the computer program comprising instructions for causing a computer system to:

access\a server log having records of actual user (ss) access to the selected server;

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gaggregate records from the server log into a plurality of aggregate slots, each having at least one time bin, based on an aggregation method;

- (uu) perform at least one statistical analysis of each time bin of each aggregate slot; and
- (vv) output the results of such statistical analysis as an indication of actual server usage by users.
- 22. The computer program of claim 21, further including instructions for causing the computer system to filter out selected records from the server log before the step of aggregating.
- 23. The computer program of claim 21, further including instructions for causing the computer system to generate an event notification if a selected statistical analysis value is abnormal.
- 24. The computer program of claim 21, further including instructions for causing the computer system to select the aggregation method from a set of aggregation methods.
- 25. The computer program of claim 21, wherein the aggregation method includes aggregation by log-file record column data value for each record from the server log.
- 26. The computer program of claim 21, further including instructions for causing the computer system to:

computer system to:

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(bbb)

blocks in the database, \each address block within a

define an array of\binary trees for the address

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	8	binary tree within an array element being masked by a
	9	corresponding unique subnet mask value;
	10	(ccc) mask each address field in each record by a unique
	11	subnet value corresponding to a selected array element;
	12	(ddd) compare each masked address field to an address
	13	field of the address blocks within the binary tree of
	14	the selected array element;
	15	(eee) output selected fields of any matching address
	16	block; and
	17	(fff) otherwise, continue the step of comparing with a
REF REF	18	next selected array element until a match is found or
	19	all array elements have been compared.
THE WAS THE WAY THE	1	29. The computer program of claim 21, further including
	2	instructions for causing the computer system to:
ale Ale	3	(ggg) determine exit routing paths from each selected
		server based on the records from the server log;
	5	(hhh) determine a best performing exit route based on the
· Sar	6	statistical analysis of records from the server log;
	7	(iii) bias incoming and outgoing communications with
	8	respect to each server to use the determined best
	9	performing exit route.
	7	performing exit route.  A computer program, stored on a computer-readable medium, for comparing an address field of a large area
	2	medium, for comparing an address field of a large area

network record to a database comprising large area

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network address blocks having geographical or source
information, the computer program comprising instructions
for causing a computer system to:

- (jjj) define an array of binary trees for the address blocks in the database, each address block within a binary tree within an array element being masked by a corresponding unique subnet mask value;
- (kkk) mask the address field of a large area network
   record by a unique subnet value corresponding to a
   selected array element;
- (111) compare each masked address field to an address field of the address blocks within the binary tree of the selected array element;
- (mmm) indicate a match; and
- (nnn) otherwise, continue the step of comparing with a next selected array element until a match is found or all array elements have been compared.

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